

### Pension National Scheme

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund, set out below is a report on the performance and activities of your Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024. Further information on the National Provident Fund's activities, and commentary on investment markets, is set out in the Chair's letter.

### **Your Scheme**

### **CROWN GUARANTEE**

The Pension National Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. The benefits payable by your Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown.

### **LOCKED-IN SECTION**

The Locked-in section of the Scheme was created on 1 July 2007 as an alternative to KiwiSaver schemes. The Locked-in section has many of the benefits of KiwiSaver schemes and also has the Crown guarantee and the 4% pa minimum earnings rate. These two features are hallmarks of the NPF defined contribution schemes and are not available with KiwiSaver schemes. Further details are available on our website – www.npf.co.nz.

### **INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE**

The asset class returns (before tax and expenses), and the comparative performance of the benchmark indices are shown in the table below.

Asset Class	Return	Index
Fixed interest (global)	5.17%	3.80%
New Zealand shares	4.68%	2.75%
Overseas shares	32.45%	26.53%

The investment return (after tax and expenses) earned by the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024, was 13.28% (2023: (1.99%)). In dollar terms, this represents an investment gain of \$56.671 million (2023 investment loss: \$8.596 million).

### Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2024

### **SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The summary financial statements included in this Annual Report have been extracted from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The summary financial statements cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as the full financial statements.

Members are welcome to view the full financial statements on our website – www.npf.co.nz/members/schemes – or contact the Scheme administrator, Datacom (see details on back page), for a free copy of the Scheme's full financial statements.



### INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE CONTINUED

This year was generally a good one for financial markets, in particular for the global equities asset class which performed very strongly. Inflation and high interest rates remained key influences on markets throughout the year. While the markets have performed well, getting inflation back to the levels seen before 2022 remains a challenge. The Board continues to monitor the impact of movements in the market, and the implication for investment strategy, on an ongoing basis.

See the 10 year comparison page for the key statistics of your Scheme over the last 10 years. For an overview of the financial performance of the Scheme, refer to the summary financial statements on the following page.

### **EARNINGS RATE**

The earnings rate declared by the Board for the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024 was 8.52% on contributors' total credits as at 1 April 2023 and 3.4% on contributions paid during the year. This is in line with the Board's crediting and reserving policy.

As at 31 March 2024 reserves were 4.9% of contributors' total credits (2023: Nil).

The objective of the Board's crediting and reserving policy is to build the reserves back up to 10% of contributors' total credits. An equitable share of any positive reserves is added to a contributor's total credit on retirement, withdrawal through redundancy or permanent incapacity, or on death before the contributor has commenced receiving a benefit.

### WHO INVESTS YOUR MONEY

### **Fixed Interest Managers**

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC
Pacific Investment Management Company LLC
PGIM, Inc

### **New Zealand Equity Managers**

Devon Funds Management Limited Harbour Asset Management Limited

### **Overseas Equity Managers**

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership Lazard Asset Management, LLC T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

### Foreign Exchange Currency Hedging Manager

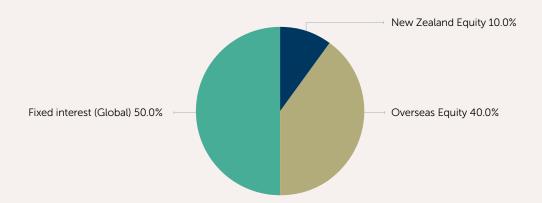
Bank of New Zealand Limited

### HOW YOUR MONEY IS INVESTED

The Scheme's asset allocation strategy is set by the Board and reviewed regularly. There was no change to Scheme's asset allocation strategy during the year. The pie chart below shows the Scheme's asset allocation strategy as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2024.

The Board's SIPSP is reviewed regularly by the Board. During the year, the SIPSP was updated and there were no significant changes to the SIPSP relating to the Scheme. See our website, www.npf.co.nz, for more information about your Scheme, including the Board's SIPSP and the Scheme Trust Deed.

### Asset Allocation Strategy as at 31 March 2023 (and current as at 31 March 2024)



### SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

This is a summary of the		2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Scheme's income and	Investment income/(loss)	56,671	(8,593)
expenses, and membership contributions and payments.	Less operating expenses	(978)	(949)
contributions and payments.	Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities	55,693	(9,542)
	Income tax credit	229	266
	Net income/(loss) after tax and before membership activities	55,922	(9,276)
	Scheme receipts		
	Scheme receipts – Non Locked-in section:		
	Member contributions	3,135	3,770
	Employer contributions	1,473	1,527
	Scheme receipts – Locked-in section:		
	Member contributions	296	315
	Employer contributions	99	105
	Member tax credits	13	14
	Total Scheme receipts	5,016	5,731
	Other Scheme receipts – Section 72 Claim	84	5,258
	Scheme payments		
NPPS refers to the National	Benefit, withdrawal and transfer payments	(30,085)	(29,785)
Provident Pension Scheme.	Transfers to the NPPS	(15,612)	(13,232)
	Total Scheme payments	(45,697)	(43,017)
	Net membership activities	(40,597)	(32,028)
	Increase/(Decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	15,325	(41,304)

### **SUMMARY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AS AT 31 MARCH 2024**

This is a summary of the		2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Scheme's assets and liabilities, as at 31 March 2024.	Investment assets:		
	Fixed Interest Unit Fund	214,574	213,639
Assets include the Scheme's investments in fixed interest	New Zealand Equity Unit Fund	43,195	42,356
(global), New Zealand shares	Overseas Equity Unit Fund	194,162	176,102
and overseas shares plus what	Total investment assets	451,931	432,097
the Scheme had in the bank	Section 72 claim	84	5,258
and was owed by others.	Other assets	4,689	4,066
	Total assets	456,704	441,421
Liabilities are what the	Less liabilities	(51)	(93)
Scheme owed to others.	Net assets available to pay benefits	456,653	441,328
Net assets is the money available to pay future	Represented by:		
entitlements.	Liability for accrued benefits		
	Allocated to contributors' total credits	435,323	441,328
	Unallocated reserves	21,330	-
		456,653	441,328

### SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

This is a summary of the cash		2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
flows through the Scheme during the year.	Opening cash brought forward	3,688	1,632
Cash was received from:	Net cash flows from operating activities	(36,408)	(37,883)
	Net cash flows from investing activities	36,673	39,939
operating activities (being contributions less benefit	Net increase in cash held	265	2,056
and transfer payments and operating expenses); and	Closing cash carried forward	3,953	3,688
<ul> <li>investing activities.</li> </ul>			
The difference between the two cash flows is recorded as an increase or decrease in cash held.			

### NOTES TO THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements:

- have been extracted from the full financial statements which were
  - prepared in accordance with, and comply with, the New Zealand Equivalents IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) Accounting Standards (NZ IFRS) and IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profitoriented entities;
  - authorised for issue and signing by the Board on 25 June 2024; and
  - audited and received an unmodified opinion;
- cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as provided by the full financial statements;
- · are reported in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand;
- are for a profit-oriented entity; and
- comply with Financial Reporting Standard 43: Summary Financial Statements.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

### TRUSTEE'S REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2024

#### **MEMBERSHIP**

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	C		
	Non Locked-in Section	Locked-in Section	Total
Opening membership as at 1 April 2023	1,665	91	1,756
Retirements	(66)	(6)	(72)
Withdrawals			
Transfers	(77)		(77)
Deaths and disablements	(55)		(55)
Joins/rejoins			
Reinstated extinguished liabilities*	51		51
Closing membership as at 31 March 2024	1,518	85	1,603

<sup>\*</sup> Following a Trust Deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member. Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

### CONTRIBUTIONS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

As at 31 March 2024, there were 1,603 members in the Scheme (2023: 1,756), with allocated contributors' total credits of \$456.7 million (2023: \$441.3 million). These numbers include the members of the Locked-in section.

For the Locked-in section – as at 31 March 2024 there were 85 members (2023: 91) with net assets amounting to \$13.4 million (2023: \$12.8 million). During the year, there were 6 retirements from the Locked-in-section, totalling \$839,446.

On the basis of evidence available, the Board believes all contributions required to be made to the Scheme, in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, have been made.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

The Board, based on the advice of the Actuary, certifies that as at 31 March 2024 the market value of the net assets of the Scheme was greater than the total value of the vested benefits of the Scheme. The amounts are shown in note 13 to the financial statements.

The Board confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, not more than 10% of the net market value of the Scheme's assets were invested with employers (or associated entities), either directly or indirectly, who are parties to the Scheme.

#### **FFFS**

Scheme administration fees are apportioned on fee per member and fee per transaction bases and are charged to the Scheme as a whole. As at 1 April 2023 and 2024 the Scheme administration fees were increased for inflation.

The Board certifies it is satisfied the increase in the administration fees for the Scheme is not unreasonable. The Board is satisfied the total management fees charged to the Scheme are not unreasonable.

#### TRUST DEED AMENDMENT

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 6 July 2023, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report. A copy of the Trust Deed is available on request.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the readers of Pension National Scheme's Summary Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Pension National Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the summary financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

### **OPINION**

The summary financial statements of the Scheme that comprise the summary statement of changes in net assets as at 31 March 2024, the summary statement of net assets and the summary statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and related notes, are derived from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 that we have audited

In our opinion, the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024, in accordance with FRS-43: Summary Financial Statements issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

### SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. Reading the summary financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the full financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

The summary financial statements do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the date of our auditor's report on the full financial statements.

### THE FULL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDIT REPORT THEREON

We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 in our auditor's report dated 25 June 2024.

### BOARD OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for the preparation of the summary financial statements in accordance with FRS-43: Summary Financial Statements.

### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full audited financial statements of the Scheme, based on our procedures, which were carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the summary financial statements.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with, or interests in the Scheme.



Pam Thompson for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Wellington, New Zealand

### **10 YEAR COMPARISON**



### Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Investment income Income/(loss) from unit funds Interest received Other income Total investment income/(loss)	4	56,507 161 3 56,671	(8,644) 50  (8,593)
		23,27 =	(0,000)
Operating expenses Actuarial fees Audit fees Bank fees Board member expenses Legal Fees Management expenses	5 5	9 23 2 37 5 902	10 22 2 34 - 881
Total operating expenses		978	949
Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities		55,693	(9,542)
Income tax credit	6	229	266
Net income/(loss) after tax and before membership activities		55,922	(9,276)
Scheme receipts Contributor contributions non locked-in section Employer contributions non locked-in section Contributor contributions locked-in section Employer contributions locked-in section Member tax credits Total scheme receipts	1	3,135 1,473 296 99 13 5,016	3,770 1,527 315 105 14 5,731
Other Receipts Section 72 Claim	9	84	5,258
Scheme payments Benefits paid Transfers paid to other schemes Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme Total scheme payments		6,208 23,877 15,612 45,697	7,789 21,996 13,232 43,017
Net membership activities		(40,597)	(32,028)
Increase/(decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	10	15,325	(41,304)

# Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		(\$000)	(\$000)
Investment assets at fair value through profit or loss Units held in:	3		
Fixed Interest unit fund		214,574	213,639
New Zealand Equity unit fund		43,195	42,356
Overseas Equity unit fund		194,162	176,102
		451,931	432,097
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash		3,953	3,688
Contributions receivable - employers		<b>143</b>	<sup>′</sup> 69
Other receivables	8	97	43
Receivable from the Global Asset Trust	7	91	15
Section 72 Claim	9	84	5,258
		4,368	9,073
Other assets			
Deferred Tax Asset	6	405	251
Deferred Tax Asset	O	405	251
Total assets		456,704	441,421
Current liabilities at amortised cost			
Accounts payable		51	93
Total liabilities		51	93
Not accete available to may benefite		456,653	441,328
Net assets available to pay benefits Represented by:		450,055	441,320
Liability for accrued benefits			
Allocated to contributors' total credits			
Contributor contributions		258,110	262,287
Employer contributions		163,843	166,281
Allocated to contributors' total credits		•	,
Locked-in Section			
Contributor contributions		9,370	8,873
Employer contributions		4,000	3,887
Unallocated reserves	12	21,330	
	,	456,653	441,328

Authorised for issue on 25 June 2024

Edward Delvel

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Edward Schuck Board Chair Louise Edwards

Chair

Audit and Risk Review Committee

# Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities $^{1}$			
Cash was provided from:			
Contributor contributions		3,520	4,225
Employer contributions Interest received		1,408 161	1,559 50
Member tax credits		14	17
Other income		-	1
Section 72 claim		5,258	-
	•	10,361	5,852
Cash was applied to:			
Benefits paid		6,238	7,761
Operating expenses		1,042	675
Transfers paid to other schemes		23,877	22,067
Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme	:	15,612	13,232
		46,769	43,735
Net cash flows used in operating activities	10	(36,408)	(37,883)
Cash flows from investing activities <sup>2</sup> Cash was provided from sale of units in:			
Alternatives unit fund		-	1,930
Fixed Interest unit fund		6,260	19,624
New Zealand Equity unit fund		710	4,016
Overseas Equity unit fund		29,800	16,724
		36,770	42,294
Cash was applied to purchase units in:			
Fixed Interest unit fund		-	1,364
New Zealand Equity unit fund		93	162
Overseas Equity unit fund		4	829
		97	2,355
Net cash flows from investing activities		36,673	39,939
Net increase in cash held		265	2,056
Add opening cash brought forward		3,688	1,632
Closing cash carried forward <sup>3</sup>		3,953	3,688

Operating Activities: Includes any activities that are the result of normal business activities not classified as investing activities.

<sup>2</sup> Investing Activities: Comprises acquisition and disposal of units in the GAT.

<sup>3</sup> Cash: Comprises cash balances held with banks in New Zealand.

### 1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHEME AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, governed by a Trust Deed. The Scheme is registered on the Disclose Register as required by the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMCA). With respect to funding arrangements, the Scheme comprises two sections:

- Non locked-in section (existing scheme)
- Locked-in section (complying superannuation fund)

### 1.1 Non Locked-In Section

Under the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, a contributor makes contributions to the non locked-in section of the Scheme at a rate agreed between the contributor and the employer, provided the rate is not less than 1% of the contributor's basic remuneration, or \$10 per week, whichever is the lesser. An employer's contributions are made to the Scheme, in respect of a contributor, at a rate agreed by the employer with that contributor.

### 1.2 LOCKED-IN SECTION

For the locked-in section of the Scheme, a contributor had to contribute at least 4% of base salary (before tax and excluding bonuses and allowances), and at least 2% of base salary from 1 April 2009. From 1 April 2013, the minimum employee contribution rate increased to 3%.

Until 1 April 2009, an employer had to also contribute at least 1% net of base salary, increasing to 2% from 1 April 2009. Employer Superannuation Contribution Tax (ESCT) did not apply. From 1 April 2012, ESCT applied to employer contributions and from 1 April 2013 employers were required to contribute 3% of base salaries (including ESCT).

### 1.3 GENERAL

Each year contributors are credited with an earnings rate, which is not less than 4%.

If a contributor elects to receive a pension, their membership, the liability to pay their pension (including any pension or other benefit contingently payable and any minimum payment) and assets to meet that liability are transferred to the National Provident Pension Scheme.

### 2 RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 (the Act), the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund (the Board) is Trustee of the Scheme. Members of the Board are appointed by the Minister of Finance.

The Board and the Government Superannuation Fund Authority (the Authority) have formed a joint venture company, Annuitas Management Limited (Annuitas). Each organisation has entered into a management services agreement with Annuitas. The costs of running Annuitas are shared between the Board and the Authority on an equitable basis, as agreed between the organisations.

Edward Schuck and Sarah Park are the two Board appointed directors of Annuitas.

### 2 Related Parties (Continued)

The Board is also the Trustee of the Global Asset Trust (the GAT), which holds the assets of all the National Provident Fund Schemes. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds representing various asset classes which have issued units to the Board as Trustee of the Scheme, according to the Strategic Asset Allocation Strategy (refer note 3).

There were no transactions between the members of the Board as individuals and the Scheme. One member of management was a contributor to the Scheme as part of their normal employment contract with Annuitas (2023: 1).

### 3 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION (SAA)- INVESTMENT

The Scheme is authorised to invest in the GAT or in bank deposits. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds representing various asset classes.

Investment assets have been designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These are managed and their performance evaluated, on a fair value basis. This is consistent with the Scheme's documented investment strategy. The assets are investments in units in the GAT which, in turn, invest in equities, fixed interest and debt instruments. The fair value of the units held by the Scheme in the GAT is based on the valuation of the financial instruments held by the GAT.

The fair value of these financial instruments is based on exit prices at balance date without any deduction for future selling costs. If the exit price for an instrument is not available on a recognised exchange the fair value is estimated taking into account comparable markets and advice from specialised advisories.

The benchmark asset allocations as at 31 March 2024 and at 31 March 2023 are shown below.

	2024	2023
	(%)	(%)
Fixed Interest unit fund	50.0	50.0
New Zealand Equity unit fund	10.0	10.0
Overseas Equity unit fund	40.0	40.0

### 4 INCOME FROM UNIT FUNDS

Income from unit funds is derived from the changes in fair value of units held by the GAT and reflects both realised and unrealised gains and losses. The income stated is net of expenses (including investment management and custodial fees) directly related to investment activities.

The income per unit fund is as follows:

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Fixed Interest unit fund New Zealand Equity unit fund	7,195 1,456	(9,461) (1,437)
Overseas Equity unit fund Income/(loss) from unit funds	47,856 56,507	2,254 (8,644)

### 5 MANAGEMENT AND BOARD MEMBER EXPENSES

Management expenses comprise administration fees charged by Datacom Connect Limited, and a share of the expenses of the Board. The Board member expenses are split evenly between the schemes.

### 6 INCOME TAX

Income specific to the Scheme is subject to tax at 28%, after allowing for deductible expenses. The income tax reconciliation is as follows:

expenses the income tax recondition is do renewer	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Scheme specific income Deductible expenses Taxable income	161 (978) (817)	50 (949) (899)
Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities Tax at 28% (Non-assessable income)/non-deductible expenditure Prior period adjustment Income tax credit	55,693 15,594 (15,823) - (229)	(9,542) (2,671) 2,420 (15) (266)
Represented by: Income tax credit on current year income/(loss) Prior year adjustment Income tax credit	(229) - (229)	(251) (15) (266)
Movement in deferred taxation Opening balance Prior period adjustment Current year movement Deferred tax asset	251 (75) 229 405	- - 251 251

The deferred tax asset is a result of tax losses available to carry forward. The tax losses consist of surplus deductible expenses which the Scheme will transfer to the GAT under section DV 2 of the Income Tax Act 2007 in a future income year. The GAT is subject to tax at the rate of 28%.

### 7 RECEIVABLE FROM THE GAT

The 2024 receivable represents the outstanding tax credits, (refer note 6), utilised by the GAT, resulting from the transfer of the Scheme's surplus deductible expenses to the GAT under the Tax Act. The Scheme will realise the receivable by investing in unit funds of the GAT or by settling the units in cash.

### 8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables consist of:

other receivables consist or.	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Member tax credits accrued at 31 March	10	11
Management fee refund	87	32
Total other receivables	97	43

The member tax credits, accrued at 31 March 2024, will be claimed from the Inland Revenue as part of a total member tax credit claim for the year ending 30 June 2024.

### 9 SECTION 72 CLAIM

Section 72 of the Act provides that where any deficiency in the accounts of the Scheme arises from the application of the 4.0% minimum earnings rate, then the Minister shall, at the request of the Board, pay to the Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, such an amount as may be required to meet the deficiency.

A Section 72 claim of \$0.084 million was made for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: \$5.258 million). The current claim is for deficits relating to exited members i.e. members who left the Schemes during the financial year.

### 10 RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE IN LIABILITY FOR ACCRUED BENEFITS TO NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Increase/(decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	15,325	(41,304)
Movement in working capital Change in accounts payable Change in other receivables Change in contributions receivable	(42) 5,120 (74) 5,004	(41) (5,226) <u>67</u> (5,200)
Change in non-cash items Movement in receivable from the GAT Movement in deferred tax  Items classified as investing activities (Income)/loss from unit funds	(76) (154) (230) (56,507)	228 (251) (23) 8,644
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(56,507)	8,644

### 11 GUARANTEED BENEFITS

Under section 60 of the Act, the benefits payable by the Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown. The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return and is not less than 4% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

### 12 UNALLOCATED RESERVES

The unallocated reserves are derived from the net income after tax and before membership activities; earnings not allocated to contributors' total credits; and balances of any total credits not transferred or otherwise disbursed, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme Trust Deed.

Movements in reserves during the year were as follows:

	2024	2023
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Reserves at beginning of year	_	21,044
Applied to transfers	(240)	236
Extinguished liabilities	124	258
Net income/(loss) after tax for the year	55,922	(9,276)
Applied to exits	(858)	(706)
Applied to contributors' total credits	(33,702)	(16,814)
Section 72	84	5,258
Reserves at end of year	21,330	-

Unallocated reserves may be distributed at the discretion of the Board, in accordance with the Scheme Trust Deed, principally for:

- Meeting all or part of contributors' or employers' contributions on an equitable basis.
- Increasing total credits of all contributors on an equitable basis.
- Providing benefits, other than retirement benefits, to all contributors on an equitable basis
- Providing hardship benefits to contributors or their dependents.
- Paying Scheme expenses.

### 13 Vested Benefits

The value of vested benefits is the value of the benefits contributors would have been entitled to if they left the Scheme.

As at 31 March 2024, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all members transferred out of the Scheme on that date and was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all contributors left on that date.

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Value of vested benefits	442,148	440,507
Value of net assets	456,653	441,328

This table should be read in conjunction with note 11.

### 14 ACTUARIAL VALUATION

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. As the Scheme has no pensioners, an actuarial valuation is not required under the FMCA.

The Act does however require an actuarial examination to be undertaken every three years. The last examination was undertaken, as at 31 March 2021, and covered the three years 31 March 2018 to 31 March 2021. The results of the statutory actuarial examination of the Scheme at 31 March 2024 will be incorporated in the notes to the Annual Audited Financial Statements for the year ending 31 March 2025.

The Actuary reported that the funding level of the Scheme decreased from 108.6% to 106.6% over the three years to 31 March 2021. The valuation results were:

Valuation date	2021 (\$000)	2018 (\$000)
Present value of -	(1)	(+)
Total credits	471,286	482,236
Reserves	30,930	41,683
Net assets	502,216	523,919
Funding level	106.6%	108.6%

### 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Scheme invests in units of the GAT based on the SAA determined for the Scheme (see note 3). The unit fund holds quoted equity, fixed interest and debt instruments. These instruments are all measured at fair value.

Under NZ IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement (NZ IFRS 13), disclosures for fair value instruments are required using a three-level fair value hierarchy. These tiers reflect the availability of observable market inputs. The Scheme's investment in unit funds of the GAT is classified as a level 2 investment as the unit prices are based on a net asset valuation derived from either quoted prices for similar assets or unquoted but observable inputs.

The Scheme's major risk in relation to its investment in the GAT is the price risk that the value of its units may fluctuate. Other risks, such as market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, are managed in the GAT.

More information on the disclosures under NZ IFRS 13 and the risks mentioned above is provided in the financial statements of the GAT. A copy of the financial statements of the GAT can be viewed on the National Provident Fund's website (www.npf.co.nz).

The Board manages the other risks by determining a diversified SAA appropriate for the Scheme's liabilities. In addition, the Board selects the investment managers, sets their mandates and monitors performance against those mandates.

The long run investment return for the Scheme is estimated to be 4.3% per annum. The volatility is expected to be +/- 6.2%. This is based on the Scheme's SAA and the long-term rate of return for each asset class (after investment management, custody fees and tax), and after deducting a provision for the Scheme's operating expenses (after tax).

The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return and is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

### 16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

### 17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

### 17.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared under the requirements of clause 50 of the Scheme Trust Deed and in accordance with the FMCA. For a description of the Scheme and its funding arrangements see note 1.

### 17.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements comply with the New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) Accounting Standards (NZ IFRS) and IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

### 17.3 MEASUREMENT BASE

The measurement base adopted is that of historical cost, except for investment assets which are stated at their fair value as set out below.

### 17.4 PRESENTATIONAL AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, the Scheme's functional currency, rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

### 17.5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In compliance with NZ IFRS, preparation of the financial statements requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgement has been applied in the classification and measurement of financial assets. This policy has a material impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a material risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of scheme assets at year end. Investment asset values are subject to variation due to market fluctuations. Receivables have been valued in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. Under this standard the scheme has adopted the simplified expected credit loss model.

The estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period; or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### 17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 17.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include both financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets include balances due from contributors, and receivables from related parties (if applicable).

Financial liabilities, measured at amortised cost, include accounts payable and bank overdrafts (if applicable).

### 17.7 RECOGNITION

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date the Scheme becomes a contractual party to the financial instruments.

### 17.8 MEASUREMENT

Financial assets that are classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value where all resulting gains or losses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

### 17.9 DERECOGNITION

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or the Scheme transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### 17.10 INVESTMENT INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate of the instrument. Changes in the fair value of GAT unit funds are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss, is accrued at balance date. Dividend income is recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets on the ex-dividend date.

### 17.11 TAXATION

Any income or loss arising from the movement in the fair value of the unit funds of the GAT is received by the Scheme tax paid. The Scheme's deductible operating expenses are offset against the Scheme's interest received to result in nil assessable income.

Any surplus deductible operating expenses are transferred to the GAT under the Tax Act (refer notes 6 and 7).

The Scheme takes a responsible and transparent approach to tax which follows the spirit of the law in addition to the pure interpretation of the law.

### 17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 17.12 CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable.

### 17.13 BENEFITS

Benefits are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when a request for payment is made and all relevant credits for payment has been met.

### 17.14 ACCRUED BENEFITS

The liability for accrued benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to contributors and beneficiaries. This has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the Scheme's liabilities, as at balance date.

### 17.15 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued that are not mandatory for 31 March 2024 reporting periods and have not been adopted early by the Board. None of these standards are likely to have a material impact on the Scheme when they are adopted.

### 18 Changes In Accounting Policies And Disclosures

There have been no changes in accounting policies or disclosures. New standards and interpretations that are mandatory for 31 March 2024 reporting periods have been adopted with no material impact on the financial statements.

# Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 19 OTHER INFORMATION

The Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, provides members with the following information:

### 19.1 SCHEME MEMBERSHIP

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Non Locked-in section	Locked-in section	Total
Opening membership as at 1 April 2023	1,665	91	1,756
Retirements	(66)	(6)	(72)
Withdrawals	-	-	-
Transfers	(77)	-	(77)
Deaths and disablements	(55)	-	(55)
Reinstated extinguished liabilities*	51	-	51
Closing as at 31 March 2024	1,518	85	1,603

<sup>\*</sup> Following a Trust Deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member, who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member.

Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

As at 31 March 2024 there were 85 members in the locked-in section, with assets amounting to \$13,370,000 (2023: \$12,760,000). During the year to 31 March 2024 there were 6 retirements from the locked-in section totalling \$839,446.

### 19.2 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED AND BENEFITS PAID

On the basis of evidence available, the Board believes all contributions required to be made to the Scheme, in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, have been made.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

### 19.3 VESTED BENEFITS

The Board, based on the advice of the Actuary, certifies as at 31 March 2024, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme exceeded the total value of the vested benefits. The amounts are shown in note 13 to the financial statements.

### 19.4 INVESTMENT WITH PARTIES TO THE SCHEME

The Board confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, not more than 10% of the net market value of the Scheme assets were invested with employers (or associated entities), either directly or indirectly, who are parties to the Scheme.

# Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### 19.5 EARNINGS RATES

The Scheme's earnings rate declared by the Board for the year ended 31 March 2024 was 8.52%.

### 19.6 Administration Fees

Scheme administration fees are apportioned on fee per member and fee per transaction bases and are charged to the Scheme as a whole. As at 1 April 2023 and 2024 scheme administration fees were increased for inflation. The Board certifies it is satisfied the increase in the administration fees for the Scheme is not unreasonable. The Board is satisfied the total management fees charged to the Scheme are not unreasonable.

### 19.7 TRUST DEED

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 6 July 2023, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report.

### 19.8 DIRECTORY

### Trustee Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

Members of the Board are: Edward Schuck (Board Chair) Graham Ansell Tracey Berry Louise Edwards Lloyd Kavanagh

Sarah Park (Deputy Chair)

### Administration manager Datacom Connect Limited

### **Investment managers** Fixed Interest Managers

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC Pacific Investment Management Company, LLC PGIM, Inc.

### **New Zealand Equity Managers**

Devon Funds Management Limited Harbour Asset Management Limited

### **Overseas Equity Managers**

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership Lazard Asset Management, LLC T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

### Foreign Exchange Hedging Manager

Bank of New Zealand Limited

# Pension National Scheme (the Scheme) Trustee's Report for the year ended 31 March 2024

### 19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### 19.8 DIRECTORY (CONTINUED)

Actuary Christine Ormrod, PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting

(New Zealand) LP

**Auditor** Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited (on behalf of the Auditor-General)

**Solicitor** DLA Piper New Zealand

Bank of New Zealand

**Custodian** JP Morgan Chase Bank

### 19.9 CORRESPONDENCE

All correspondence relating to the Scheme should be addressed to:

The Manager National Provident Fund Administration Datacom Connect Limited PO Box 1036 WELLINGTON 6140

OR

The Secretary
Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund
PO Box 3390
WELLINGTON 6140

For and on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.

Edward Schuck Board Chair

Edward Schull

25 June 2024



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF PENSION NATIONAL SCHEME

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Pension National Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 12, that comprise the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 12:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
  - o its net assets as at 31 March 2024 and
  - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS Accounting Standards ('NZ IFRS') and IFRS Accounting Standards ('IFRS').

Our audit was completed on 25 June 2024. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

### Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

### Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Deloitte.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees are also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Board of Trustees intend to wind-up the Scheme or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and clause 50 of the Scheme's Trust Deed.

### Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of members taken on the basis of these financial statements.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

### Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 13 to 15, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Independence

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Scheme.

Pan Thompson

Pam Thompson, Partner for Deloitte Limited On behalf of the Auditor-General Wellington, New Zealand

### Directory as at 25 June 2024

### **TRUSTEE**

**Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund** 

### **BOARD MEMBERS**

**Edward Schuck** – Chair – appointed 2015 and Chair from 1 September 2017\*

**Sarah Park** – Deputy Chair – appointed 1 February 2020 and Deputy Chair from 1 July 2022

Louise Edwards - appointed 1 July 2019

Graham Ansell - appointed 12 July 2021

Tracey Berry - appointed 1 July 2022

Lloyd Kavanagh - appointed 1 July 2022

\* Edward Schuck retires from the Board and as Chair on 30 June 2024.

Further information on the Board members is provided on our website – www.npf.co.nz.

#### **MANAGEMENT**

#### Tim Mitchell

Chief Executive

### Fiona Morgan

Chief Financial Officer

### **Anthony Halls**

Chief Investment Officer

### **Hadyn Hunt**

Chief Risk Officer

### Ireen Muir

General Manager – Schemes



### **ADMINISTRATION**

Datacom Connect Limited is the administrator of the NPF Schemes.

### **CONTACT DETAILS**

You are welcome to contact Datacom if you have any specific questions about the information in this package, if you would like to receive a free copy of the full financial statements in the mail, to purchase a copy of the Trust Deed (\$10) or the actuarial valuation (\$10), or to enquire about your Scheme membership in general.

Please quote your identity number when contacting Datacom.

Free phone: 0800 628 776 between 8.30 am and 5.00 pm,

Monday to Friday.

Phone: (04) 381 0600

Post to:

The Manager

National Provident Fund Administration

**Datacom Connect Limited** 

P O Box 1036 WELLINGTON 6140

Email: npfenquiries@datacom.co.nz

If you would like to know more about NPF in general, or if you would like to view or download a copy of the Scheme's full financial statements rather than receive a copy in the mail, please visit our website – www.npf.co.nz.

You may contact the Board by writing to:

The Chief Executive Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund Level 12, The Todd Building 95 Customhouse Quay WELLINGTON 6011

Auditor: Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited,

on behalf of the Auditor-General

Actuary: Christine D Ormrod,

PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting

(New Zealand) LP

Bank: Bank of New Zealand LimitedCustodian: JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.Solicitor: DLA Piper New Zealand

There were no changes to the Actuary, Bank, Custodian or Solicitor during the year.