

Meat Industry Scheme

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund, set out below is a report on the performance and activities of your Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024. Further information on the National Provident Fund's activities, and commentary on investment markets, is set out in the Chair's letter.

Your Scheme

CROWN GUARANTEE

The Meat Industry Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. The benefits payable by your Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

The asset class returns (before tax and expenses), and the comparative performance of the benchmark indices are shown in the table below.

Asset Class	Return	Index
Fixed interest (global)	5.17%	3.80%
New Zealand shares	4.68%	2.75%
Overseas shares	32.45%	26.53%

The investment return (after tax and expenses) earned by the Scheme, for the year ended 31 March 2024, was 12.42% (2023: (2.00%)). In dollar terms, this represents investment gain of \$3,226,000 (2023 investment loss: \$453,000).

Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2024

SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements included in this Annual Report have been extracted from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The summary financial statements cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as the full financial statements.

Members are welcome to view the full financial statements on our website – www.npf.co.nz/members/schemes – or contact the Scheme administrator, Datacom (see details on back page), for a free copy of the Scheme's full financial statements.



INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE CONTINUED

This year was generally a good one for financial markets, in particular for the global equities asset class which performed very strongly. Inflation and high interest rates remained key influences on markets throughout the year. While the markets have performed well, getting inflation back to the levels seen before 2022 remains a challenge. The Board continues to monitor the impact of movements in the market, and the implication for investment strategy on an ongoing basis.

See the 10 year comparison page for the key statistics of your Scheme over the last 10 years. For an overview of the financial performance of the Scheme, refer to the summary financial statements on the following page.

EARNINGS RATE

The earnings rate declared by the Board for the Scheme for the year ended 31 March 2024 was 8.02% on contributors' total credits as at 1 April 2023, and 4% on contributions paid during the year. This is in line with the Board's crediting and reserving policy. As at 31 March 2024 reserves were 4.8% of contributors' total credits (2023: Nil).

The objective of the Board's crediting and reserving policy is to build the reserves back up to 10% of contributors' total credits. An equitable share of any positive reserves is added to a contributor's total credit on retirement, withdrawal through redundancy or permanent incapacity, or on death before the contributor has commenced receiving a benefit.

WHO INVESTS YOUR MONEY

Fixed Interest Managers

Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC
Pacific Investment Management Company LLC
PGIM, Inc

New Zealand Equity Managers

Devon Funds Management Limited
Harbour Asset Management Limited

Overseas Equity Managers

Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership
Lazard Asset Management, LLC
T. Rowe Price Australia Limited

Foreign Exchange Currency Hedging Manager

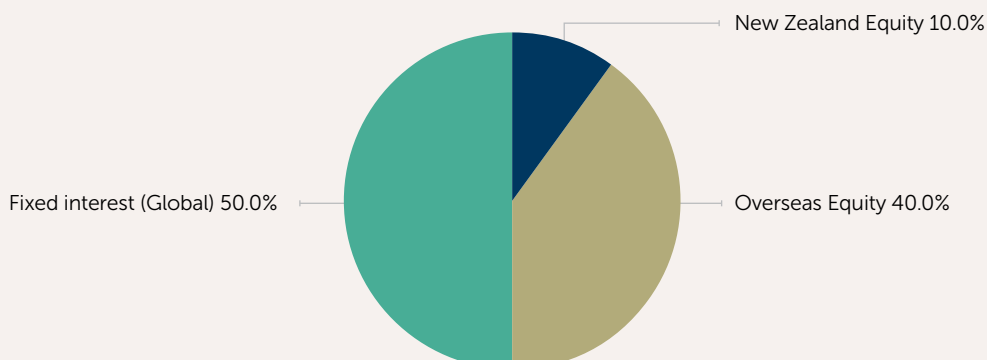
Bank of New Zealand Limited

HOW YOUR MONEY IS INVESTED

The Scheme's asset allocation strategy is set by the Board and reviewed regularly. There was no change to Scheme's asset allocation strategy during the year. The pie chart below shows the Scheme's asset allocation strategy as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2024.

The Board's Statement of Investment Policies, Standards and Procedures (SIPSP) is reviewed regularly by the Board. During the year the SIPSP was updated and there were no significant changes to the SIPSP relating to the Scheme. See our website, www.npf.co.nz, for more information about your Scheme, including the Board's SIPSP, and the Scheme Trust Deed.

**Asset Allocation Strategy as at 31 March 2023
(and current as at 31 March 2024)**



NOTES TO THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements:

- have been extracted from the full financial statements which were:
 - prepared in accordance with, and comply with, the New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards), Accounting Standards (NZ IFRS) and IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities;
 - authorised for issue and signing by the Board on 25 June 2024; and
 - audited and received an unmodified opinion;
- cannot be expected to provide as complete an understanding as provided by the full financial statements;
- are reported in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand;
- are for a profit-oriented entity; and
- comply with Financial Reporting Standard 43: Summary Financial Statements.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2024

MEMBERSHIP

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Contributors
Opening membership as at 1 April 2023	241
Retirements	(22)
Withdrawals	
Transfers	
Deaths and disablements	(12)
Extinguished liabilities*	9
Closing membership as at 31 March 2024	216

* Following a Trust Deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member. Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.

On the basis of evidence available, the Board believes all contributions required to be made to the Scheme, in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, have been made.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

The Board, based on the advice of the Actuary, certifies that as at 31 March 2024 the market value of the net assets of the Scheme exceeded the total value of the vested benefits of the Scheme. The amounts are shown in Note 13 to the financial statements.

The Board confirms, to the best of its knowledge, not more than 10 percent of the net market value of the Scheme assets was invested with the employer (or associated entities), either directly or indirectly, who are parties to the Scheme.

FEES

Scheme administration fees are apportioned on fee per member and fee per transaction bases and are charged to the Scheme as a whole. As at 1 April 2023 and 2024 the scheme administration fees were increased for inflation.

The Board certifies it is satisfied the increase in the administration fees for the Scheme is not unreasonable. The Board is satisfied the total management fees charged to the Scheme are not unreasonable.

TRUST DEED AMENDMENT

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 6 July 2023, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report. A copy of the Trust Deed is available on request.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the readers of Meat Industry Scheme's Summary Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the summary financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

OPINION

The summary financial statements of the Scheme that comprise the summary statement of net assets as at 31 March 2024, the summary statement of changes in net assets and the summary statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and related notes, are derived from the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 that we have audited.

In our opinion, the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024, in accordance with FRS-43: Summary Financial Statements issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The summary financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. Reading the summary financial statements and the auditor's report thereon, therefore, is not a substitute for reading the full financial statements and the auditor's report thereon.

The summary financial statements do not reflect the effects of events that occurred subsequent to the date of our auditor's report on the full financial statements.

THE FULL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDIT REPORT THEREON

We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on the full financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 in our auditor's report dated 25 June 2024.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SUMMARY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for the preparation of the summary financial statements in accordance with FRS-43: Summary Financial Statements.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the summary financial statements are consistent, in all material respects, with the full audited financial statements of the Scheme, based on our procedures, which were carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the summary financial statements.

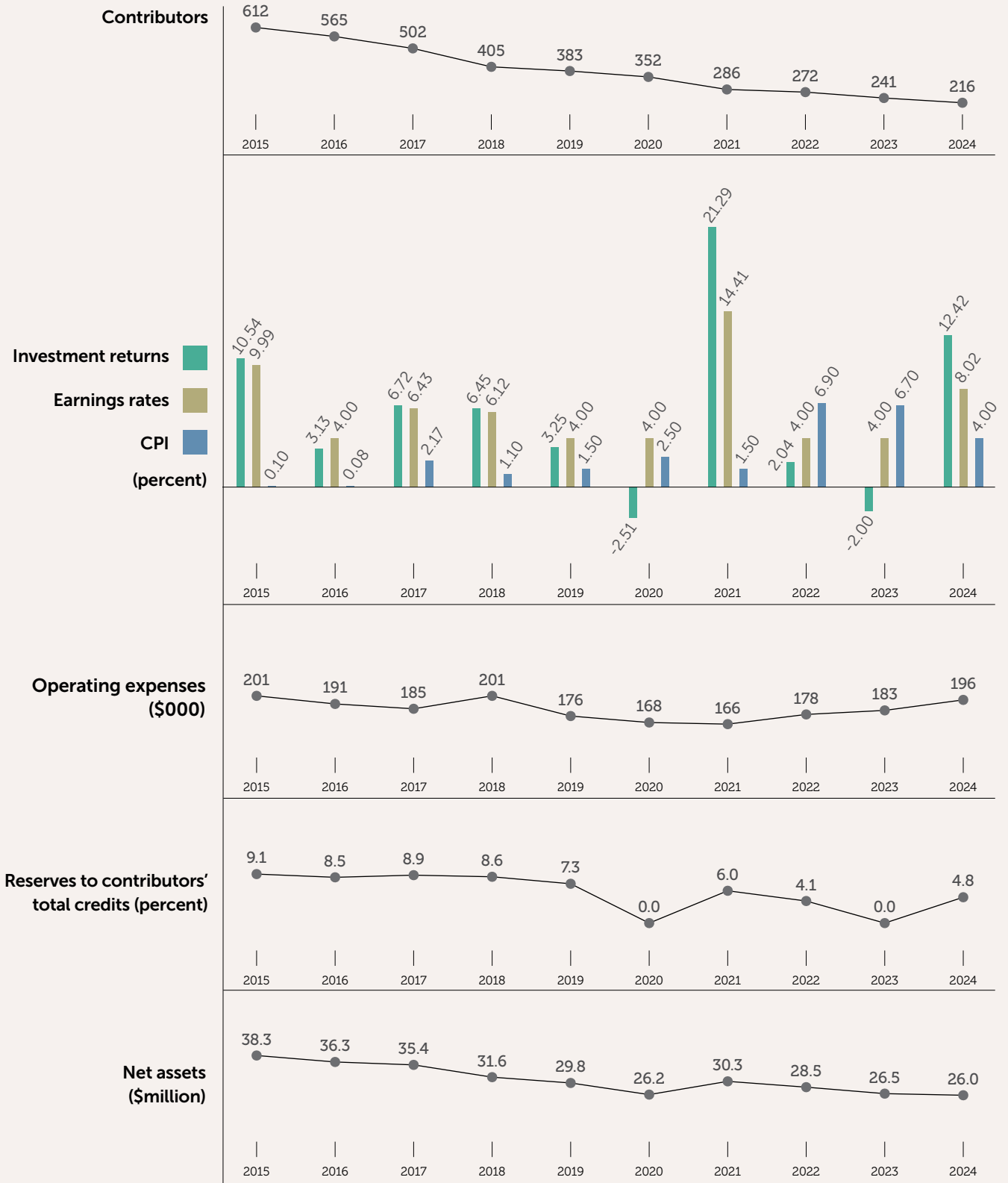
Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with, or interests in the Scheme.

Pam Thompson

Pam Thompson
for Deloitte Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Wellington, New Zealand

25 June 2024

10 YEAR COMPARISON



Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Statement of Changes in Net Assets
for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Investment income			
Income/(loss) from unit funds	4	3,166	(494)
Interest received		52	39
Other income		8	2
Total investment income/(loss)		3,226	(453)
Operating expenses			
Actuarial fees		9	10
Audit fees		23	22
Board member expenses	5	38	35
Legal Fees		5	-
Management expenses	5	121	116
Total operating expenses		196	183
Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities		3,030	(636)
Income tax credit	6	41	40
Net income/(loss) after tax and before membership activities		3,071	(596)
Scheme receipts			
Contributor contributions	1	284	185
Employer contributions		75	93
Total scheme receipts		359	278
Scheme payments			
Benefits paid		3,623	1,838
Transfers paid to other schemes		27	5
Transfers to National Provident Pension Scheme		235	154
Withdrawals		-	164
Total scheme payments		3,885	2,161
Net membership activities		(3,526)	(1,883)
Other receipts			
Section 72 Claim	9	25	476
Total other receipts		25	476
(Decrease) in liability for accrued benefits	10	(430)	(2,003)

The notes to the financial statements on pages 4 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Statement of Net Assets
as at 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Investment assets at fair value through profit or loss	3		
Units held in:			
Fixed Interest unit fund		11,640	12,329
New Zealand Equity unit fund		2,323	2,444
Overseas Equity unit fund		10,933	10,161
		24,896	24,934
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash		1,040	1,036
Contributions receivable - employers		20	22
Other receivables	8	18	11
Receivable from the Global Asset Trust	7	5	-
Section 72 Claim	9	25	476
		1,108	1,545
Other assets			
Deferred Tax Asset	6	76	40
		76	40
Total assets		26,080	26,519
Current liabilities at amortised cost			
Accounts payable		28	37
Total liabilities		28	37
Net assets available to pay benefits		26,052	26,482
Represented by:			
Liability for accrued benefits			
Allocated to contributors' total credits			
Contributor contributions		14,691	15,523
Employer contributions		10,173	10,959
Unallocated reserves	12	1,188	-
		26,052	26,482

Authorised for issue on 25 June 2024

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.



Edward Schuck
Board Chair



Louise Edwards
Chair
Audit and Risk Review Committee

Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities¹			
Cash was provided from:			
Contributor contributions		285	174
Employer contributions		76	87
Interest received		52	39
Other income		-	2
Section 72 claim		476	-
		889	302
Cash was applied to:			
Benefits paid		3,622	2,235
Operating expenses		205	136
Transfers paid to other schemes		27	5
Transfers paid to National Provident Pension Scheme		235	154
Withdrawals		-	164
		4,089	2,694
Net cash flows used in operating activities	10	(3,200)	(2,392)
Cash flows from investing activities²			
Cash was provided from sale of units in:			
Alternatives unit fund		-	110
Fixed Interest unit fund		1,097	1,708
New Zealand Equity unit fund		198	228
Overseas Equity unit fund		1,917	966
		3,212	3,012
Cash was applied to purchase units in:			
Fixed Interest unit fund		8	750
New Zealand Equity unit fund		-	4
Overseas Equity unit fund		-	20
		8	774
Net cash flows from investing activities		3,204	2,238
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		4	(154)
Add opening cash brought forward		1,036	1,190
Closing cash carried forward³		1,040	1,036

- 1 Operating Activities: Includes any activities that are the result of normal business activities not classified as investing activities.
- 2 Investing Activities: Comprises acquisition and disposal of units in the GAT.
- 3 Cash: Comprises cash balances held with banks in New Zealand.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHEME AND FUNDING ARRANGEMENTS

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, governed by a Trust Deed. The Scheme is deemed to be registered on the register of managed investment schemes under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMCA).

Under the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, a contributor makes contributions to the Scheme at the rate of 2%, 3% or 5% of the minimum weekly wage, as set out in the applicable employment contract, or such other amount as specified by the contributing employer, after consultation with contributor representatives, provided that any such other amount shall not be less than the contribution rate as applicable at 14 May 1991. The contributing employer's contributions are made to the Scheme, in respect of a contributor, at the rate of \$1 for every \$1 contributed by that contributor.

Each year contributors are credited with an earnings rate, which is not less than 4.0%.

2 RELATED PARTIES

Under the terms of the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 (the Act), the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund (the Board) is Trustee of the Scheme. Members of the Board are appointed by the Minister of Finance.

The Board and the Government Superannuation Fund Authority (the Authority) have formed a joint venture company, Annuitas Management Limited (Annuitas). Each organisation has entered into a management services agreement with Annuitas. The costs of running Annuitas are shared between the Board and the Authority on an equitable basis, as agreed between the organisations.

Edward Schuck and Sarah Park are the two Board appointed directors of Annuitas.

The Board is also the Trustee of the Global Asset Trust (the GAT), which holds the assets of all the National Provident Fund Schemes. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds, representing various asset classes, which have issued units to the Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, according to the Strategic Asset Allocation (refer note 3).

There were no transactions between the Board or management, as individuals, and the Scheme.

If a contributor elects to receive a pension, his or her membership, the liability to pay the pension (including any pension or other benefit contingency payable and any minimum payment) and assets to meet that liability are transferred to the National Provident Pension Scheme.

3 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION (SAA) - INVESTMENT

The Scheme is authorised to invest in the GAT or in bank deposits. The GAT is divided into separate unit funds representing various asset classes.

Investment assets have been designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These are managed and their performance evaluated, on a fair value basis. This is consistent with the Scheme's documented investment strategy. The assets are investments in units in the GAT which, in turn, invest in equities, fixed interest and debt instruments.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

3 STRATEGIC ASSET ALLOCATION (SAA) - INVESTMENT (CONTINUED)

The fair value of the units held by the Scheme in the GAT is based on the valuation of the financial instruments held by the GAT. The fair value of these financial instruments is based on exit prices at balance date without any deduction for future selling costs. If the exit price for an instrument is not available on a recognised exchange the fair value is estimated taking into account comparable markets and specialist advice.

The benchmark asset allocations as at 31 March 2024 and at 31 March 2023 are shown below.

	2024	2023
	SAA	SAA
	(%)	(%)
Fixed Interest unit fund	50.0	50.0
New Zealand Equity unit fund	10.0	10.0
Overseas Equity unit fund	40.0	40.0

4 INCOME FROM UNIT FUNDS

Income from unit funds is derived from the changes in fair value of units held by the GAT and reflects both realised and unrealised gains and losses. The income stated is net of expenses (including investment management and custodial fees) directly related to investment activities. The income per unit fund is as follows:

	2024	2023
	(\$000)	(\$000)
Fixed Interest unit fund	400	(574)
New Zealand Equity unit fund	77	(75)
Overseas Equity unit fund	2,689	155
Income/(loss) from unit funds	<u>3,166</u>	<u>(494)</u>

5 MANAGEMENT AND BOARD MEMBER EXPENSES

Management expenses comprise administration fees charged by Datacom Connect Limited, and a share of the expenses of the Board. The Board member expenses are split evenly between the schemes.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

6 INCOME TAX

Income specific to the Scheme is subject to tax at 28%, after allowing for deductible expenses.

The income tax reconciliation is as follows:

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Scheme specific income	52	39
Deductible expenses	(196)	(183)
Taxable income	(144)	(144)
Net income/(loss) before tax and membership activities	3,030	(636)
Tax at 28%	848	(178)
(Non-assessable income)/non-deductible expenditure	(889)	138
Income tax credit	(41)	(40)
Represented by:		
Income tax credit on current year income/(loss)	(41)	(40)
Income tax credit	(41)	(40)
Movements in deferred taxation		
Opening balance	40	-
Prior period adjustment	(5)	-
Current year movement	41	40
Deferred tax asset	76	40

The deferred tax asset is a result of tax losses available to carry forward. The tax losses consist of surplus deductible expenses which the Scheme will transfer to the GAT under section DV 2 of the Income Tax Act 2007 in a future income year. The GAT is subject to tax at the rate of 28%.

7 RECEIVABLE FROM THE GAT

The 2024 receivable represents the outstanding tax credits, (refer note 6), utilised by the GAT, resulting from the transfer of the Scheme's surplus deductible expenses to the GAT under the Tax Act. The Scheme will realise the receivable by investing in unit funds of the GAT or by settling the units in cash.

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables consist of:

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Management fee refund	18	11
Total other receivables	18	11

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

9 SECTION 72 CLAIM

Section 72 of the Act provides that where any deficiency in the accounts of the Scheme arises from the application of the 4% minimum earnings rate, then the Minister shall, at the request of the Board, pay to the Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, such an amount as may be required to meet the deficiency.

A Section 72 claim of \$24,531 was made for the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: \$476,000). The current claim is for deficits relating to exited members i.e. members who left the Scheme during the financial year.

10 RECONCILIATION OF (DECREASE) IN LIABILITY FOR ACCRUED BENEFITS TO NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2024	2023
	(\$000)	(\$000)
(Decrease) in liability for accrued benefits for the year	(430)	(2,003)
Movement in working capital		
Change in accounts payable	(9)	(391)
Change in other receivables and Section 72 claims	444	(484)
Change in contributions receivable – employers	2	(17)
	437	(892)
Change in non-cash items		
Movement in deferred tax	(36)	(40)
Movement in receivable from the GAT	(5)	49
	(41)	9
Items classified as investing activities		
(Income)/loss from unit funds	(3,166)	494
	(3,166)	494
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(3,200)	(2,392)

11 GUARANTEED BENEFITS

Under section 60 of the Act, the benefits payable by the Scheme are guaranteed by the Crown. The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return but is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

12 UNALLOCATED RESERVES

The unallocated reserves are derived from the income or loss for the year, earnings not allocated to contributors' total credits, and balances of any total credits not transferred, or otherwise disbursed, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme trust deed.

Movement in reserves during the year were as follows:

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Reserves at beginning of year	-	1,123
Applied to transfers	(23)	(23)
Extinguished liabilities	(6)	57
Net income/(loss) after tax	3,071	(596)
Applied to exits	(66)	(29)
Applied to contributors' total credits	(1,813)	(1,008)
Section 72 Claim	25	476
Reserves at end of year	<u>1,188</u>	<u>-</u>

The reserves, which have not been allocated to contributors' total credits, may be distributed at the discretion of the Board, and with the agreement of the employer and employee representatives, in accordance with the trust deed, principally for:

- meeting all or part of contributors' or employers' contributions on an equitable basis;
- increasing total credits of all contributors on an equitable basis;
- providing benefits, other than the retirement benefits, to all contributors on an equitable basis; and
- paying Scheme expenses.

13 VESTED BENEFITS

The value of the vested benefits is the value of the benefits contributors would have been entitled to if they left the Scheme.

As at 31 March 2024, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all members transferred out of the Scheme on that date and was greater than the amount that would have been payable if all contributors left on that date.

	2024 (\$000)	2023 (\$000)
Value of vested benefits	25,214	26,482
Value of net assets	26,052	26,482

This table should be read in conjunction with note 11.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

14 ACTUARIAL VALUATION – 31 MARCH 2021

The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme. As the Scheme has no pensioners, an actuarial examination is not required under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

The National Provident Funds Restructuring Act 1990 does however require an actuarial examination to be undertaken every three years. The last examination was undertaken, as at 31 March 2021, and covered the three years 31 March 2018 to 31 March 2021. The results of the statutory actuarial examination of the Scheme at 31 March 2024 will be incorporated in the notes to the annual audited Financial Statements for the year ending 31 March 2025.

The Actuary reported that the funding level of the Scheme decreased from 108.6% to 106.0% over the three years to 31 March 2021. The valuation results were:

Valuation date	2021 (\$000)	2018 (\$000)
Present value of -		
Total credits	28,618	29,057
Reserves	1,728	2,504
Net assets	30,346	31,561
Funding level	106.0%	108.6%

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Scheme invests in units of the GAT based on the SAA determined for the Scheme (see note 3). The unit fund holds quoted equity, fixed interest and debt instruments. These instruments are all measured at fair value.

Under *NZ IFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement* (NZ IFRS 13), disclosures for fair value instruments are required using a three-level fair value hierarchy. These tiers reflect the availability of observable market inputs. The scheme's investment in units of the GAT is classified as a level 2 investment as the unit prices are based on a net asset valuation derived from either quoted prices for similar assets or unquoted but observable inputs.

The Scheme's major risk in relation to its investment in the GAT is the price risk that the value of its units may fluctuate. Other risks, such as market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk, are managed in the GAT.

For more information on the disclosures under NZ IFRS 13 and the risks mentioned above, reference should be made to the financial statements of the GAT. A copy of the financial statements of the GAT can be viewed on the National Provident Fund's website (www.npf.co.nz).

The Board manages the other risks by determining a diversified SAA appropriate for the Scheme's liabilities. In addition, the Board selects the investment managers, sets their mandates and monitors performance against those mandates.

The long run investment return for the Scheme is estimated to be 4.3% per annum. The volatility is expected to be +/- 6.2%. This is based on the Scheme's SAA and the long-term rate of return for each asset class (after investment management, custody fees and tax), and after deducting a provision for the Scheme's operating expenses (after tax).

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The earnings rate each year is determined with reference to the investment return but is not less than 4.0% per annum as per the Scheme Trust Deed.

16 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material events subsequent to balance date requiring amendments to these financial statements.

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

17.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared under the requirements of clause 42 of the Scheme Trust Deed and in accordance with the FMCA. For a description of the Scheme and its funding arrangements see note 1.

17.2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements comply with the New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) Accounting Standards (NZ IFRS) and IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for profit-oriented entities.

17.3 MEASUREMENT BASE

The measurement base adopted is that of historical cost, except for investment assets which are stated at their fair value as set out below.

17.4 PRESENTATIONAL AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, the Scheme's functional currency, rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

17.5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

In compliance with NZ IFRS, preparation of the financial statements requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgement has been applied in the classification and measurement of financial assets. This policy has a material impact on the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

There are no material assumptions or major sources of estimation uncertainty that have a material risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of scheme assets at year end. Investment asset values are subject to variation due to market fluctuations. Receivables have been valued in accordance with NZ IFRS 9. Under this standard the scheme has adopted the simplified expected credit loss model.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period; or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods.

17.6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments include both financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets include contributions due from employers, receivables from related parties and other receivables (if applicable).

Financial liabilities, measured at amortised cost, include accounts payable and bank overdrafts (if applicable).

17.7 RECOGNITION

The Scheme recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date the Scheme becomes a contractual party to the financial instruments.

17.8 MEASUREMENT

Financial assets that are classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value where all resulting gains or losses are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

17.9 DERECOGNITION

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or the Scheme transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

17.10 CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when they become receivable.

17.11 BENEFITS

Benefits are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets when a request for payment is made and all relevant criteria for payment has been met.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

17 SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

17.12 INVESTMENT INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate of the instrument. Changes in the fair value on GAT unit funds are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets. Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss, is accrued at balance date. Dividend income is recognised in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets on the ex-dividend date.

17.13 Taxation

Any income or loss arising from the movement in the fair value of the unit funds of the GAT is received by the Scheme tax paid.

The Scheme takes a responsible and transparent approach to tax which follows the spirit of the law in addition to the pure interpretation of the law.

17.14 ACCRUED BENEFITS

The liability for accrued benefits is the Scheme's present obligation to pay benefits to contributors and beneficiaries and has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the Scheme's assets and the carrying amounts of the Scheme's liabilities, as at balance date.

17.15 STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been issued that are not mandatory for 31 March 2024 reporting periods and have not been adopted early by the Board. None of these standards are likely to have a material impact on the Scheme when they are adopted.

18 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

There have been no changes in accounting policies or disclosures. New standards and interpretations that are mandatory for 31 March 2024 reporting periods have been adopted with no material impact on the financial statements.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Trustee's Report
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

19 OTHER INFORMATION

The Board, as Trustee of the Scheme, provides members with the following information:

19.1 SCHEME MEMBERSHIP

Changes in the Scheme membership numbers during the year were as follows:

	Contributors
Opening membership as at 1 April 2023	241
Retirements	(22)
Withdrawals	-
Transfers	-
Deaths and disablements	(12)
Extinguished liabilities*	9
Closing membership as at 31 March 2024	216

* *Following a trust deed amendment on 5 April 2001, once reasonable efforts have been made to locate a member, who has been missing for at least five years, the Board may extinguish the liabilities to that member.
Where a person re-establishes contact with the Board within 15 years of the liabilities to that person being extinguished, the person is reinstated as a member of the Scheme.*

19.2 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED AND BENEFITS PAID

On the basis of evidence available, the Board believes that all contributions required to be made to the Scheme, in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed, have been made.

The Board certifies that, to the best of its knowledge, all benefits required to be paid from the Scheme were paid in accordance with the terms of the Scheme Trust Deed.

19.3 VESTED BENEFITS

The Board, based on the advice of the Actuary, certifies as at 31 March 2024, the market value of the net assets of the Scheme exceeded the total value of the vested benefits. The amounts are shown in note 13 to the financial statements.

19.4 Investment with Parties to the Scheme

The Board confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, not more than 10% of the net market value of the Scheme assets were invested with the employer (or associated entities), either directly or indirectly, who are parties to the Scheme.

19.5 EARNINGS RATE

The Scheme's earnings rate (crediting rate) declared by the Board for the year ended 31 March 2024 was 8.02%.

19.6 TRUST DEED

The Scheme Trust Deed has not been amended since 6 July 2023, being the date of the Scheme's last annual report.

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Trustee's Report
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.7 DIRECTORY

Trustee	Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund Members of the Board are: Edward Schuck (Board Chair) Graham Ansell Tracey Berry Louise Edwards Lloyd Kavanagh Sarah Park (Deputy Chair)
Administration manager	Datacom Connect Limited
Investment managers	Fixed Interest Managers Brandywine Global Investment Management, LLC Pacific Investment Management Company, LLC PGIM, Inc. New Zealand Equity Managers Devon Funds Management Limited Harbour Asset Management Limited Overseas Equity Managers Arrowstreet Capital, Limited Partnership Lazard Asset Management, LLC T. Rowe Price Australia Limited Foreign Exchange Hedging Manager Bank of New Zealand Limited
Actuary	Christine D Ormrod, PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting (New Zealand) LP
Auditor	Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited (on behalf of the Auditor-General)
Solicitor	DLA Piper New Zealand
Bank	Bank of New Zealand
Custodian	JP Morgan Chase Bank

**Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme)
Trustee's Report
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

19 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

19.8 CORRESPONDENCE

All correspondence relating to the Scheme should be addressed to:

The Manager
National Provident Fund Administration
Datacom Connect Limited
PO Box 1036
WELLINGTON 6140

OR

The Secretary
Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund
PO Box 3390
WELLINGTON 6140

For and on behalf of the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund.



Edward Schuck
Board Chair

25 June 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MEAT INDUSTRY SCHEME

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Meat Industry Scheme (the Scheme). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Pam Thompson, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Scheme on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 12, that comprise the Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the Scheme on pages 1 to 12:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its net assets as at 31 March 2024 and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with New Zealand Equivalents to IFRS Accounting Standards ('NZ IFRS') and IFRS Accounting Standards ('IFRS').

Our audit was completed on 25 June 2024. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the Scheme for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees are responsible on behalf of the Scheme for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless the Board of Trustees intend to wind-up the Scheme or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 and clause 42 of the Scheme's Trust Deed.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of members taken on the basis of these financial statements.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 13 to 15, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Scheme.



Pam Thompson, Partner
for Deloitte Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Wellington, New Zealand

Directory as at 25 June 2024

TRUSTEE

Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund

BOARD MEMBERS

Edward Schuck – Chair – appointed 2015 and Chair from 1 September 2017*

Sarah Park – Deputy Chair – appointed 1 February 2020 and Deputy Chair from 1 July 2022

Louise Edwards – appointed 1 July 2019

Graham Ansell – appointed 12 July 2021

Tracey Berry – appointed 1 July 2022

Lloyd Kavanagh – appointed 1 July 2022

** Edward Schuck retires from the Board and as Chair on 30 June 2024.*

Further information on the Board members is provided on our website – www.npf.co.nz.

MANAGEMENT

Tim Mitchell

Chief Executive

Fiona Morgan

Chief Financial Officer

Anthony Halls

Chief Investment Officer

Hadyn Hunt

Chief Risk Officer

Ireen Muir

General Manager – Schemes

DATAKOM

ADMINISTRATION

Datacom Connect Limited is the administrator of the NPF Schemes.

CONTACT DETAILS

You are welcome to contact Datacom if you have any specific questions about the information in this package, if you would like to receive a free copy of the full financial statements in the mail, to purchase a copy of the Trust Deed (\$10) or the actuarial valuation (\$10), or to enquire about your Scheme membership in general.

Please quote your identity number when contacting Datacom.

Free phone: 0800 628 776 between 8.30 am and 5.00 pm, Monday to Friday.

Phone: (04) 381 0600

Post to:

The Manager
National Provident Fund Administration
Datacom Connect Limited

P O Box 1036
WELLINGTON 6140

Email: npfenquiries@datacom.co.nz

If you would like to know more about NPF in general, or if you would like to view or download a copy of the Scheme's full financial statements rather than receive a copy in the mail, please visit our website – www.npf.co.nz.

You may contact the Board by writing to:

The Chief Executive
Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund
Level 12, The Todd Building
95 Customhouse Quay
WELLINGTON 6011

Auditor: Pam Thompson, Deloitte Limited,
on behalf of the Auditor-General

Actuary: Christine D Ormrod,
PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting
(New Zealand) LP

Bank: Bank of New Zealand Limited

Custodian: JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

Solicitor: DLA Piper New Zealand

There were no changes to the Actuary, Bank, Custodian or Solicitor during the year.